

use of all dissimulation, braggadocia or humbug. A very brief discussion by Gov. Porter brought all parties to an amicable understanding, and a final settlement of affairs. This arrangement, concluded by Gov. Porter, Oct. 27th, 1832, is so important to this history, that the following extracts are herewith copied:

*"First.* The said chiefs and head men of the Menomonee nation of Indians, do not object to any of the matters contained in the proviso annexed to the resolution of the Senate of the United States, so far as the same relate to the granting of three townships of land on the east side of Lake Winnebago to the Stockbridge, Munsee, and Brothertown tribes; to the valuation and payment for their improvements, &c., (ending with the words '*and which lands are to be relinquished by said Indians*'). They therefore assent to the same.

*"Second.* The said chiefs and head men of the Menomonee nation of Indians, objecting to all the matters contained in the said proviso annexed to the resolution of the Senate of the United States, so far as the same relate to the running a new line parallel to the south-western boundary line or course of the tract of five hundred thousand acres, described in the first article of the treaty, and set apart for the New York Indians, to commence at a point on the south-western side of Fox River, and one mile above Grand Chute, on Fox River, and at a sufficient distance from the said boundary line, as established by the said first article, as shall comprehend the additional quantity of two hundred thousand acres of land, on and along the west side of Fox River, without including any of the confirmed private land claims on the Fox River, to compose a part of the five hundred thousand acres intended to be set apart for the Six Nations of the New York Indians and St. Regis tribe, *agree*, in lieu of this proposition, to set off a like quantity of two hundred thousand acres, as follows: The said Menomonee nation hereby agree to cede, for the benefit of the New York Indians, along the south-western boundary line of the present five hundred thousand acres described in the first article of the treaty as set apart for the New